Silver.—The silver production of Canada in 1942 was 20,695,101 fine oz., which placed Canada next to Mexico and the United States in the production of this metal.

In Table 28 the world production, value and average price of silver are given for each year from 1900 to 1939. In spite of the decreasing importance of silver, except in China and India, production has increased due to the fact that silver is a by-product in the mining of other metals.

## 28.—Quantities and Values of World Production of Silver, with Annual Average Prices, 1900-42

(From the Annual Report of the Director of the United States Mint)

Note.-Figures for the years 1860 to 1899, inclusive, will be found at p. 346 of the 1939 Year Book.

Year	Quan- tity	Value	Average Price per fine oz. <sup>1</sup>	Year	Quan- tity	Value	Average Price per fine oz.1	Year	Quan- tity	Value	Average Price per fine oz.1
	'000 oz. fine	\$'000	\$		'000 oz. fine	\$'000	\$		'000 oz. fine	\$'000	\$
1900	173,591	107,626			173,001	88,338			248,708	96,310	0.387
1901		103,807			180,802	121,410			*0F 000	FO 040	0.0001
1902 1903	162,763 167,689	86,265 90,552		1917	186, 125	156,345	0.895	1931 1932	195,920 164,893	56,842 46.506	
1900	107,000	30,002	0.040	1918	203,159	200,000	0.9851				
1904	164, 195	95, 233	0.579	1919	179,850	201,588		1934		91,930	
1905	172,318	105, 114		1920	173, 296	176,658		1935	220,704		
1906	165,054	111,724	0.677	1921	171,286	108,074	0.631	1936	253,696		
1907		121,857		1922	209,815	158,207	0.679				
1908	203,131	108,655	0.535	4000	040.040			1937	274,574		
1000	010 140	110 071	0 500	1923	246,010			1938	267,765		
1909	212,149	110,351		1924	239,485	178,311		1939	265,927	104,762	0.394
1910 1911	221,716 226,193	119,897		1925 1926	245,214 253,795	172,498		1940	2	2	2
1912	230, 904	121,981 141,937			253,793	159,569		1941 1942	2	2	1 2
1913	210,013	126,970		1928	257,925	144,947 151,214		1942	•		1 *
1914	172, 264	95, 282		1929	260,970	139,961					ľ
78888888			" "			200,001	0 000				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> At the average par price of a fine ounce of silver in London, excepting the years 1918-22, inclusive, and 1931-42, for which the means of the New York bid and asked prices were used. <sup>2</sup>Since figures for many countries are not available, world totals have not been published by the Director of the United States Mint.

Coal.—The total estimated coal production of the world in 1938, the latest year for which complete figures are available, amounted to about 1,420,000,000 long tons, a decrease of 6 p.c. from the estimate for the previous year. Germany, which has run second to the United States for each year since 1925, accounted for 26·4 p.c. of world production in 1938; the United States, 24·6 p.c.; and the United Kingdom, 16 p.c. Canada contributed 12,763,000 long tons or about 0·9 p.c. Figures of coal produced in the principal countries of the world in 1913 and 1926-39 are given at p. 310 of the 1942 Year Book.

## Section 7.—Production of Non-Metallic Minerals (Excluding Fuels)

The most important Canadian minerals included in this group are asbestos, gypsum, quartz, salt and sulphur, and for each of these a brief description of occurrence and production follows. A reference to Table 2 at p. 292 and Table 6 at p. 297 shows numerous other minerals, used chiefly for chemical and industrial